

CONSUMER CONFIDENCE REPORT (CCR)
January 1, 2020 to December 31, 2020
Town of Williston
System #SC0610002

We're pleased to provide you with this year's Water Quality Report. We want to keep you informed about the water and services we have delivered to you over the past year. Our goal is to provide to you a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source is groundwater produced from two wells that draw from several aquifers including the Barnwell Aquifer and the Tuscaloosa Aquifer. A source water assessment plan has been conducted for our water system. For more information on this assessment, contact SCDHEC at 803-898-3531.

If you have any questions about this report or concerns about your water utility, please contact Kenny Cook at 803-266-7015. We want you, our neighbors and valued customers, to be informed about your water utility. Feel free to attend our regularly scheduled meeting on the second Monday of each even month at 7:30 pm at the Town Hall, 13112 Main St., Williston, SC 29853.

This report shows the results monitoring efforts to measure our water quality and what it means. The Town of Williston routinely monitors for contaminants in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. As water travels over the land or underground, it can pick up substances or contaminants such as microbes, inorganic and organic chemicals and radioactive substances. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily pose a health risk. All drinking water—including bottled water- may be reasonably expected to include at least small amounts of some contaminants.

The tables below show the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2020. In this table you will find the following terms and abbreviations:

Action Level (AL) - The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l) - One part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter - One part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

Maximum Contaminant Level - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology. MCL's are set at very stringent levels. To understand the possible health effects described for many regulated constituents, a person would have to drink 2 liters of water every day at the MCL level for a lifetime to have a one-in-a-million chance of having the described health effect.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal - The "Goal"(MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Picocuries per liter (pCi/L) – Picocuries per liter is a measure of the radioactivity in water.

Town of Williston SC0610002

LEAD AND COPPER TEST RESULTS

Contaminant	Date Sampled	MCLG	Action Level (AL)	90 th Percentile (mg/l)	# Sites Over AL	Units	Violation (Y/N)	Likely Source of Contamination
Copper	2020	1.3	1.3	0.27	0	ppm	N	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
Lead	2020	1.3	15	1.2	0	ppb	Erosion of natural deposits	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits

REGULATED CONTAMINANTS

Disinfectants and Disinfection By-Products	Collection Date	Highest Level Detected	Range of Levels Detected	MCLG	MCL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
Chlorine	2020	RAA 1.6	.36-2.31	4	4	ppm	N	Water additive used to control microbes.

Inorganic Contaminants	Collection Date	Highest Level Detected	Range of Levels Detected	MCLG	MCL	Units	Violation (Y/N)	Likely Source of Contamination
Fluoride	2019	0.14	0.14 – 0.14	4	4.0	ppm	N	Erosion of natural deposits; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
Nitrates (Measured as Nitrogen)	2019	.092	.092 - .092	10	10	ppm	N	Runoff from fertilizer use; Leaching from septic tanks, sewage; Erosion of natural deposits
Sodium **Unregulated Contaminant	2019	2.2	2.2 – 2.2	N/A	N/A	ppm	N/A	Occurs naturally

Radioactive Contaminants	Collection Date	Highest Level Detected	Range of Levels Detected	MCLG	MCL	Units	Violation (Y/N)	Likely Source of Contamination
Combined Radium 226/228	2020	3.09	3.09-3.09	0	5	pCi/L	N	Erosion of natural deposits
Gross alpha excluding radon and uranium	2020	2.89	2.89-2.89	0	15	pCi/L	N	Erosion of natural deposits

Violations Table – Lead and Copper Rule

The Lead and Copper Rule protects public health by minimizing lead and copper levels in drinking water, primarily by reducing water corrosivity. Lead and copper enter drinking water mainly from corrosion of lead and copper containing plumbing materials.

Violation Type	Violation Begin	Violation end	Violation Explanation
Follow-Up or Routine Tap M/R (LCR)	10/1/2019	2020	We failed to test our drinking water for the contaminant and period indicated. Because of this failure, we cannot be sure of the quality of our drinking water during the period indicated.

Town of Williston SC0610002

The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

If you have special health needs--

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. The Town of Williston is responsible for providing high quality drinking water but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your drinking water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at <http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead>.

Please call our office if you have any questions. 803-266-7015

Handy Tips to Conserve Water

- *Take shorter showers
- *Only do full loads of wash
- *Run dishwasher when fully loaded
- *Water lawn & garden as needed, early A.M.